

# **Nexus 6 Teardown**

Nexus 6 teardown on November 21, 2014.

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The phablet wars continue. Today we welcome the Nexus 6. A joint collaboration between Google and Motorola, the Nexus 6 is being hailed as the iPhone 6 Plus's brother from an Android mother. What innovations lay hidden inside the Nexus 6? Join us as we find out!

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[video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tsvFDdoF\_h0]



#### TOOLS:

- iFixit Opening Picks set of 6 (1)
- T3 Torx Screwdriver (1)
- Spudger (1)
- Tweezers (1)

## Step 1 — Nexus 6 Teardown







- Nexus 6 Tech Specs:
  - 5.96" display with a resolution of 1440 x 2560 pixels (493 ppi)
  - 2.7 GHz Quad core Krait 450 CPU (Qualcomm Snapdragon 805 SOC) + Adreno 420 GPU, with 3 GB RAM
  - 32 or 64 GB of internal storage
  - Android 5.0 Lollipop
  - 802.11ac 2x2 (MIMO) + Bluetooth 4.1 + NFC
  - 3220 mAh "non-removable" battery
  - 13 MP rear-facing camera with Optical Image Stabilization + 2 MP front-facing camera







- The Nexus 6 has a central rear-facing camera that looks like it might have some interesting flash action hidden alongside.
  - More on this later...
- The top of the phone is decked with a 3.5 mm headphone jack and a seemingly out-of-place nano SIM card slot.
- The bottom houses the Micro USB port, along with the obligatory FCC markings, leaving the back of the phone jargon free.





- Begun, the Clone War has.
- Three companies produce two phablets and we hold them up in the same hand to compare their size. Thanks to a thinner bezel, you get more screen real estate with the Nexus 6, with only a slightly larger chassis.
  - Nexus 6: 82.98 mm x 159.26 mm x 10.06 mm
  - iPhone 6 Plus: 77.8 mm x 158.1 mm x 7.1 mm







- With no visible screws on the rear cover, we resort to opening picks to pry or slide our way in.
- The bad: No simple clips on this cover, looks like your fingernails won't be enough for this job.
- The good: The adhesive securing the cover is relatively mild, once the pick sneaks into the seam, the cover can be peeled up.
- The ugly: Removing the rear cover still doesn't provide access to internal components. At least we now have visual confirmation of screws, a whole legion of them.







- Time to take out the (oh-so-many) screws. 22 T3 Torx screws present themselves, and silently await our precision driver.
- We've spotted a secret door! With a secret connector!
  - (i) We've learned to check for these, and disconnect them in advance, just in case.
- A shiny copper coil catches our eye through the holey midframe. We'll be sure to investigate that once we get it cracked...



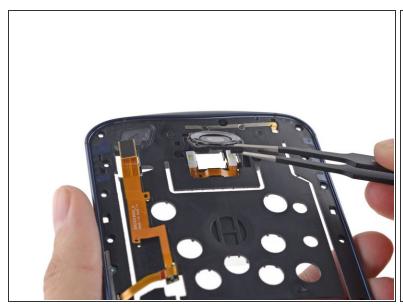


- The Nexus is finally ready to reveal its secrets. Looks like that mystery connector belonged to the battery!
- With cables decoupled, it's suddenly delightfully apparent why there were so many screws in the midframe. The Nexus 6 practically falls apart into two halves; the midframe/battery assembly, and the display/motherboard assembly.
  - Thanks to loads of screws, we don't have to deal with any adhesive, or even any tricky plastic clips.





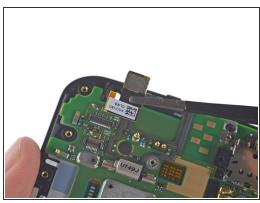
- Would you look at that! The shiny copper from before is an inductive charging coil! (Maybe this'll catch on after all).
  - Quick inductive charging refresher: an inductive charging station drives an alternating current through a coil. The current moving back and forth in the base coil generates and collapses a magnetic field, which induces a current flow in the coil in the device. This AC current is then rectified into DC power to charge the battery.
- Peeling the coil off lets us get a look at the 3.8 V, 3220 mAh (12.2 Wh) battery.
  - That's a step above the <u>iPhone 6 Plus's</u> 11.1 Wh, but it looks like <u>the Nexus battery life doesn't benefit much.</u>
  - For a "non-removable" battery, that wasn't so hard.

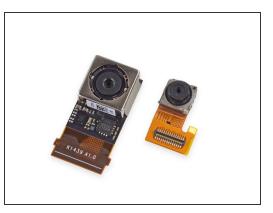




- As we continue our trek, we get to investigate that flash assembly a bit closer.
- The Nexus 6 takes the dual LED flash in a different direction—two different directions, really.
  - The circular camera lens cover acts as a light guide for two flanking LEDs, mimicking a <u>ring</u> <u>flash</u>. Neat!





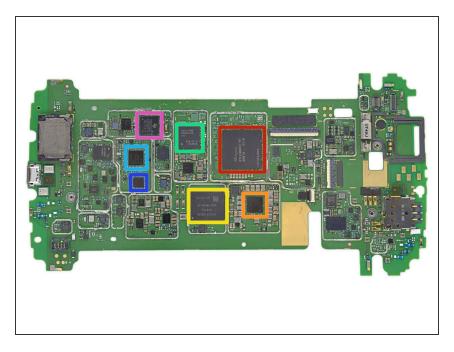


- First peek at the motherboard brings back memories of the Moto X; big, green and lots of tiny EMI shields.
- We easily pluck out the rear- and front-facing cameras with a pair of tweezers.
- The Nexus 6 is certainly no slouch when it comes to cameras. The 13 MP rear-facing camera sports a <u>Sony Exmor IMX 214</u> CMOS image sensor (Also found in the <u>OnePlus One</u>).
  - The Nexus 6 also features <u>optical image stabilization</u>, just like the <u>iPhone 6 Plus</u>, which makes for sharper photos.

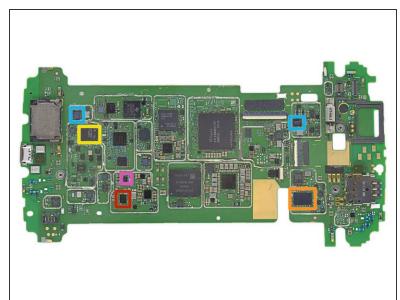


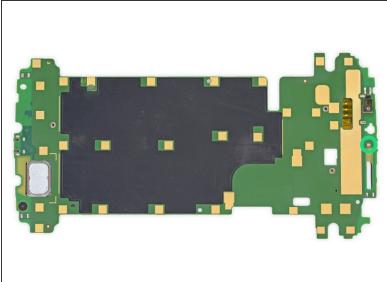


- After freeing the motherboard from the display assembly, we spy a lone IC:
  - Atmel MXT640T CCU 1424D TW QLR64 Touchscreen Controller
- And that's it! The display assembly is bare and free of extra components, after a fairly easy jaunt to the center of the Nexus.
  - (i) Even though it was easy to get here, the display is still fused to the digitizer glass—it won't be a cheap replacement part if you crack your screen.



- Finally, the part we've all been waiting for! Let's identify some of the ICs that power this Nexus:
  - SK Hynix <u>H9CKNNNDBTMTAR</u>
    24 Gb (3 GB) LPDDR3 RAM, with Qualcomm <u>Snapdragon 805 SoC</u>
     layered underneath
  - Qualcomm PMA8084 Power
    Management IC
  - SanDisk SDIN9DW4-32G 32 GB eMMC NAND Flash
  - Qualcomm <u>MDM9625M</u> LTE Modem
  - Qualcomm <u>WTR1625L</u> RF Transceiver
  - Qualcomm WFR1620 Receive-Only Companion Chip
  - Texas Instruments <u>TMS320C55</u>
    Digital Signal Processor





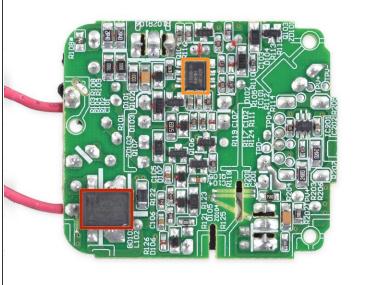
- Even more ICs:
  - Qualcomm SMB1359
  - Broadcom <u>BCM4356</u> 802.11ac + Bluetooth 4.1 IC
  - RF Micro Devices <u>RF7389EU</u> F14NRC2 Envelope Tracking Power Amplifier
  - Speaker Grille RGB LED
    - (i) For some reason, Motorola decided to keep this LED a secret.
  - NXP <u>TFA9890A</u> Audio Amplifier
  - Qualcomm <u>QFE1100</u> Envelope Tracking IC





- But wait there's more! Motorola is touting its Turbo Charger, boasting enough charge for 6 hours of use in just 15 minutes of charging.
- Compatible with Qualcomm's new Quick Charge 2.0 tech, the Motorola Turbo Charger lists three different output options: 5 V at 1.6 A, 9 V at 1.6 A, and 12 V at 1.2 A.
- Sounds like there's nothing <u>snailish</u> about this Turbo, but really there's only one way to find out...
  - ...And that's by slicing our way in with a <u>rotary tool!</u>





- On the one side, amidst wads of epoxy, we find a transformer surrounded by some plain jane capacitors, voltage regulators, and a USB port.
- On the other side, amid a sea of solder and surface mount components:
  - A <u>bridge rectifier</u>, responsible for converting AC to DC
  - Dialogue <u>iW1760B</u> Power Supply Controller, clearly the brains of the operation





- Motorola Nexus 6 Repairability Score: 7 out of 10 (10 is easiest to repair).
  - Pressure contacts and cable connectors make the modular components (cameras, buttons, headphone jack) easy to replace.
  - The Nexus 6 uses a single kind of screw, although it's a fairly uncommon size (T3).
  - Many many screws hold the midframe in place—this makes its removal somewhat tedious, but also means no clips or adhesive are needed to secure it to the front panel.
  - The glued-in battery is less accessible than we'd like, but it can be replaced.
  - Several components (vibrator, SIM slot, speaker, USB port) are soldered directly to the motherboard and will be more difficult to replace than if they were connected by cable.
  - The digitizer is fused to the display, increasing repair costs for a cracked screen, but it is easy to get to the bare display assembly.

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.